EA ORIGIN INSECURITY

(WHEN LOCAL BUGS GO REMOTE.. AGAIN)

Luigi Auriemma¹ and Donato Ferrante²
ReVuln
http://revuln.com
info@revuln.com
http://twitter.com/revuln
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Abstract In this paper we will uncover and demonstrate an interesting way to convert local bugs and features in remotely exploitable security vulnerabilities by using the well known EA Origin ³ platform as an attack vector against remote systems. The attack proposed in this paper is similar to the attack targeting the Steam⁴ platform we detailed in our previous research⁵. The Origin attack detailed in this paper affects more than 40 million Origin users.

1 ORIGIN

From Wikipedia⁶: "Origin (formerly EA Store) is a digital distribution, digital rights management system from Electronic Arts that allows users to purchase games on the internet for PC and mobile platforms, and download them with the Origin client (formerly EA Download Manager, EA Downloader and EA Link). Origin for Mac has been available since February 8, 2013. Origin is currently not available for Android, launch date is estimated to be February 2013.

Origin features social features like profile management, networking with friends with chat and direct game joining along with an in-game overlay, streaming via TwitchTV and sharing of game library and community integration with networking sites like Facebook, Xbox Live, PlayStation Network, and Nintendo Network. Electronic Arts has stated that it wants Origin to match Valve's Steam service, Origin's leading competitor, by the end of March 2012, by adding cloud game saves, autopatching, achievements and rewards, and cross-platform releases."

The Origin platform is composed of two parts: the *Store* and *Client*. The following sections will give an overview of these two components.

1.1 ORIGIN STORE

From Wikipedia⁷: "The Origin store allows users to browse and purchase games for full price from Electronic Arts' catalogs. Instead of receiving a box, disc, or even CD key, purchased software is immediately attached to the user's Origin account and is to be downloaded with the corresponding Origin client."

http://twitter.com/luigi_auriemma

²http://twitter.com/dntbug

³http://origin.com

⁴http://www.steampowered.com

⁵http://www.revuln.com/files/ReVuln_Steam_Browser_Protocol_Insecurity.pdf

⁶http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Origin_%28content_delivery%29

 $^{^{7}} http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Origin_\%28 content_delivery\%29 \# Origin_store$

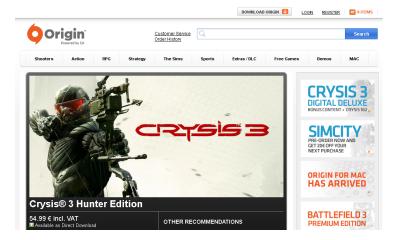


Figure 1: Origin website

1.2 ORIGIN CLIENT

From Wikipedia⁸: "The Origin client is self-updating software that allows users to download games, expansion packs, content booster packs and patches from Electronic Arts. It shows the status of components available. The Origin client is designed to be similar to its competitor, Steam."

1.3 ORIGIN GAMES

Origin has a large number of games, and several of them are available exclusively on this platform, such as:

- Battlefield 3
- Crysis 3
- Dead Space 3
- FIFA 13
- FIFA Manager 13
- Mass Effect 3

So pick your favorite game, and follow us in our paper.

2 INSECURITY TIME

This section highlights *Origin* issues that may reduce the security of *Origin* users, and allow attackers to execute code remotely on victim systems.

⁸http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Origin_%28content_delivery%29#Origin_client

2.1 RUNNING A GAME VIA ORIGIN

To get a better understanding of how games are launched via *Origin* please refer to the following image:

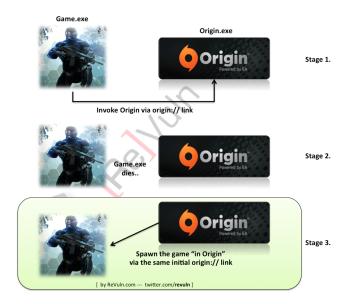


Figure 2: How games run under Origin

Specifically, there are three main stages, and the game launch strategy is due to the DRM protection used by Origin itself:

- S1. The game invokes *Origin* by providing possible command line arguments to the *Origin process*.
- S2. The game process dies.
- S3. The *Origin process* spawns the actual game by providing the same command line arguments provided in *S1*.

As you may have noticed the *Origin process* communicates with games via a specific URI, *origin://. Origin* also allows games upon launch to use custom command line arguments, *CommandParams*, which are specified as *URI parameter*.

2.2 THE PROBLEM

As we have demonstrated for $Steam^9$ in our previous paper, $Steam\ Browser\ Protocol\ Insecurity^{10}$, almost the same design problem applies for Origin. The Origin platform allows malicious users to exploit local vulnerabilities or features, by abusing the $Origin\ URI$ handling mechanism. In other words, an attacker can craft a malicious internet link to execute malicious code remotely on victim's system, which has $Origin\ installed$.

⁹http://www.steampowered.com

¹⁰http://www.revuln.com/files/ReVuln_Steam_Browser_Protocol_Insecurity.pdf

2.3 Proof Of Concept

In order to demonstrate the insecurity of the Origin platform, we picked the most recent and well known game available on this platform: *Crysis 3*¹¹, which was released on 19 February 2013. We found several ways to trigger remote code execution against remote victim systems by abusing the Origin platform itself. One way is based on exploiting a feature, *NVidia Benchmark framework*¹², in *CryEngine*'s game engine.



Figure 3: NVidia OpenAutomate

In order to trigger the vulnerability an attacker has to specially craft an Origin link:

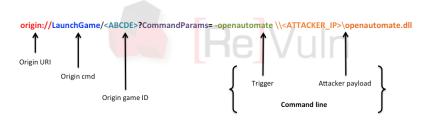


Figure 4: Proof-of-Concept link

The above link is composed of:

- $<\!\!ABCDE\!\!>$, a placeholder for the *Origin Game ID*¹³ of Crysis 3.
- *-openautomate*, a command line switch to invoke the NVidia benchmark framework
- \\<\aTTACKER_IP>\openautomate.dll, a remote DLL which is loaded on the victim's system (the name can be arbitrary)

A proof-of-concept demo is available on our ReVuln Vimeo channel¹⁴.

¹¹http://www.crysis.com/us/crysis-3

¹²https://developer.nvidia.com/openautomate

¹³http://aluigi.altervista.org/papers/origin_pids.txt

¹⁴http://vimeo.com/revuln

2.4 No-Look Exploitation

As detailed in the previous section, the attacker needs to determine the victim's *Game ID*. An attacker can bruteforce the *Game ID* field in the URI in order to find a vulnerable game installed on the victim's system. The idea is pretty straightforward, once an attacker finds a set of vulnerable games sharing the same vulnerable game engine, an attacker can define the following link:



Figure 5: No-look exploitation link

This way, an attacker can perform a *no-look* attack against remote systems, without having any knowledge of the specific games installed on the remote system itself.

2.5 ATTACK OVERVIEW

The following image shows a possible attack scenario against a player surfing the web:

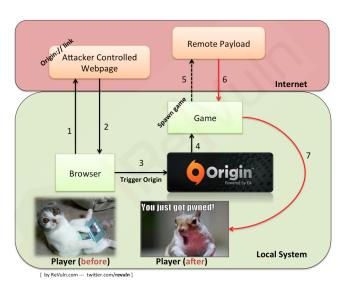


Figure 6: Possible attack scenario

3 Possible Fix and Workaround

The issue can be mitigated by disabling the origin:// URI globally using tools such as $urlprotocolview^{15}$. This means a user will be no longer able to run games via Desktop shortcuts or internet websites with customs command line parameters.



Figure 7: Globally blocking the origin:// URI

Users will be still able to play games by running games directly from Origin. This limits the usage of command line parameters.

An alternative solution would be to disable the *origin://* handler in the users' browsers which supports such feature.

Users are strongly encouraged at a minimum to set their browser to prompt when handling these links.

 $^{^{15}} http://{\tt www.nirsoft.net/utils/url_protocol_view.html}$

4 Conclusion

In this paper, we demonstrated that the *Origin* platform is a very attractive attack vector, potentially affecting more than 40 million users. In fact, an attacker can remotely compromise millions of systems in a very silent and undetected way, by exploiting any possible local issue or feature exposed by any of the games available on *Origin*. As the root cause is a design problem of the platform itself, the best protection for *Origin* users (at the moment) is to disable the *origin*:// *URI* handler, as described in the section, "Possible Fix and Workaround".

5 FAQ

The following FAQ provides additional information for people not familiar with Origin. Please feel free to contact us¹⁶ by email, if you have any further questions.

- Am I affected if I have Origin installed, but I am not running Origin?
 - Yes, Origin doesn't need to be running on a victim system. If Origin is installed on your system then you are vulnerable.
- Am I affected if I don't use Windows?
 - Yes, if you can install Origin on your system then you are vulnerable.
- Am I affected if I don't use the same browser used in your demo?
 - Yes. If your browser supports "custom" URI handlers then you are vulnerable.
- Am I affected if I don't have any games that are vulnerable to these issues?
 - Yes. We just showed the problem by using Crysis 3 as a proof of concept.
 Other games on Origin, or Origin itself may be vulnerable to remote code execution.

¹⁶ info@revuln.com

6 REVISION HISTORY

- 15 March 2013: Version 1.1 released (public release).
- 28 February 2013: Version 1.0 internal release.